

Rethinking mental health

The role of experiential knowledge

Objectives

- Understand what experiential knowledge is
- <u>- Explore its role in</u>
 <u>transforming mental health</u>
 practices
- Initiate a collective reflection on this paradigm shift

What is experiential knowledge?

- Knowledge gained from experiencing mental suffering and the recovery process
- It is not raw experience, but rather a reflective, meaningful, shareable experience
- It complements academic and professional knowledge

From experience to competence: a process



1. EXPERIENCING SUFFERING



2. RECOVERY PROCESS



3. EMERGENCE OF STRUCTURED KNOWLEDGE



4. ACQUISITION OF PROFESSIONAL SKILLS



> EXPERIENCE BECOMES A RESOURCE, A TOOL, A BRIDGE TO OTHERS

Why rethink mental health?

- The system remains focused on diagnosis, symptoms and norms

- Experiential knowledge calls for a more humane, horizontal and participatory approach

- It restores the importance of communication, empowerment and connection

Where does experiential knowledge come into play?

- In peer support
- In professional training
- In participatory research
- In health decision-making structures

What this changes

- A different professional attitude: less overbearing, more collaborative
- Recognition of the legitimacy of lived experience
- A co-constructed care, more embodied

Conclusion

"Rethinking mental health means recognising that expertise also comes from within."

→ Experiential knowledge is a lever for transformation, a tool for connection, and a driver of hope.

Thank
you for
your
attention

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